

## Andreotti faces crucial vote

ROME, July 31 [R]. — The new government of Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti today appointed 17 junior ministers at its first cabinet meeting before facing a crucial vote of confidence in parliament next week.

The Christian Democrat minority government which was sworn in yesterday, still must win a vote of confidence from the two houses of parliament next week. This will depend on the abstention of the much-strengthened Communist Party.

Volume 1, Number 235

# JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردين تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانكليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية « الراي »

AMMAN, SUNDAY, AUGUST 1, 1976 — SHA'ABAN 5, 1396

## U.S. loans Egypt \$145m

CAIRO, July 31 [R]. — Agreements covering 145 million dollars' worth of United States grants and loans to help Egypt's ailing economy were signed in Cairo today, an Egyptian official said. The largest item was a \$90 million grant for a cement factory in Suez.

The agreement also covered a \$50 million loan, repayable over 40 years, for power stations in the Nile Delta and near Cairo, the official said.

Price: 50 fils

## Assad: Syrian forces have a noble mission in Lebanon

DAMASCUS, JULY 31 [Reuters].

SYRIAN President Hafez Al-Assad said today that the Syrian forces were carrying out "a noble mission in Lebanon to foil the conspiracy being hatched against it against the Palestinian cause."

Mr. Assad's remarks were contained in an address to the Syrian armed forces on the eve of the 30th anniversary of the guns, and the Syrian army.

President Assad said this year's anniversary came as the Syrian army continued its stand along the "confrontation line" with the Zionist enemy.

The army was also "carrying a noble mission by extending external aid to brothers in Lebanon and contributes the biggest effort in foiling the conspiracy being hatched against sister Lebanon and against the Palestinian cause," he added.



Minister Mudar Badran speaks to interviewer Abdullah Khaled of the Syrian daily Tichrin.

## P.M. Badran: Jordan-Syria a new form of Arab unity

JORDAN's Prime Minister Mudar Badran has given the Damascus daily Tichrin his first press interview since being appointed prime minister. He spoke on various topics, including the coordination and integration steps towards union between Syria and Jordan, the Jordan missile-purchase deal, and the Lebanese crisis.

The interview is being published simultaneously by Tichrin, Al-Ahram and the Jordan Times.

Premier Badran said that the coordination and integration process in all fields of activity of the two countries, and the steps taken so far are an example of a new form of Arab unity.

They are a result of the past experiments of various Arab countries, it stems out from the practical conditions of the two countries. Fortunately, Premier Badran went on, both countries have realistic leaderships which understand the importance of cooperation, coordination, and integration, on the national and pan-Arab levels.

"His Majesty King Hussein, said Mr. Badran, hopes that this new form of Arab cooperation and integration for a future unity among Arab countries would be effective, because, in our opinion, it is the only practical and realistic approach for achieving the sought Arab unity.

The prime minister gave a list of the particular steps which are being implemented in the near future between Jordan and Syria. These include the unification of customs duties and other financial matters; the establishment of a joint commercial bank; coordination between the development plans of the two countries; strong cooperation between the two countries' private sectors, especially in the field of joint ventures; further unification of the customs duties on imported raw materials, used in similar industries. Other steps will include the unification of laws and regulations, particularly in the judicial field. In addition, the premier said, the joint ventures already established between the two countries will soon start work. He will begin functioning at the end of September.

Premier Badran emphasized that the recent change of government had absolutely no relation to any Arab or international issue. He said, he came as a result of the resignation for personal reasons of former Premier Zaid Rifai.

Speaking on the controversial missile deal, Mr. Badran said that a confrontation state against Israel, Jordan was necessarily required to have an effective aerial defence system. Upon instructions of H.M. King Hussein, the Jordan armed forces began, three years ago, to set up this defence system. The missiles, as is well known, are part and parcel of the system. For more than a year Jordan had been working on the conclusion of a purchase deal for American Hawk missiles. While negotiations were proceeding, the decision arose over the financing of the deal, and negotiations stumbled because of the excessive and unexpected cost price. "But," Premier Badran said, "this difficulty has been overcome, and I may say that the deal is now in its final stage, if not practically complete."

On the Lebanon crisis, the prime minister said that Jordan has ready given its support to the Syrian initiative in Lebanon. This support was based on the understanding that the Syrian initiative emanated from a sound analysis of the Lebanese crisis with all its complications and from objective cognisance of the Arab and international situations. Moreover, the Syrian move came out of the Syrian's keen desire to protect Arab solidarity, safeguard the Palestinian struggle, and prevent the fragmentation of Arab efforts and identities by being diverted from their real course of confrontation against the Israeli enemy.

Premier Badran thought that if the initiative had been given full Arab support, it would have succeeded in solving the Lebanese crisis long time ago. He said the results of the Syrian-Palestinian talks indicate a positive progress towards sorting out and defining the elements of the crisis, which would help reach a solution.

[Continued on page 6]

## Tal Al-Zaatar situation graver than ever

BEIRUT, July 31 [Reuters].

RED CROSS attempts to rescue hundreds of sick and wounded from the besieged Palestinian refugee camp had to be put off for the third time today. "We will all be dead in three days," said a Swedish doctor working inside the shell-hattered enclave of Tal Al-Zaatar.

Dr. Lars Smedmann reported in a radio interview there were 4,000 wounded among 30,000 people trapped in the camp, under siege by Lebanese rightwing forces for more than five weeks. A chronic shortage of water is endangering the lives of those left in Tal Al-Zaatar and 1,400 have already died there the doctor said in an interview with a Swedish journalist using the radio at Palestinian headquarters in west Beirut.

His description of the scene painted a graver picture than any before. Previous estimates put the camp's population at 15,000 and its wounded at 1,000, with no figure for the dead.

"All I can do is to stop the bleeding," Dr. Smedmann said. He reported bodies piled in the streets, hospitals unable to provide more than shelter for the wounded, and children suffering from dehydration and diarrhoea. Five times during the interview Dr. Smedmann repeated: "We will all be dead in three days."

The postponement of the rescue operation by the International Red Cross (ICRC) was the third time in three days that evacuation plans have had to be put off.

A woman official of the ICRC said one of the rightwing groups besieging the camp had forbidden a Red Cross team to go beyond a certain "limit point" on the road into Tal Al-Zaatar.

The ICRC had to drop the rescue plan because it could not accept conditions imposed by either side in Lebanon's civil war and because it could not guarantee the safety of evacuees, the official said. But she added that negotiations were continuing.

The camp's water supply was cut by shelling a week ago. Many people were killed by artillery fire while drawing water from the only two usable wells.

The Red Cross has been trying for four weeks to persuade leaders of the rightwing factions to agree to a ceasefire that would enable the evacuation of wounded from Tal Al-Zaatar.

But rightwing political and military commanders, either lacking in coordination or determined to prevent the evacuation, have made it impossible for the ICRC to carry out its mission.

But a commentator on the rightwing Amshit Radio said, "It is obvious that there is a lying and tendentious campaign aimed at securing the sympathy of world opinion over what is called the Tal Al-Zaatar camp."

Dr. Hassan Sabri Al-Kholi, the Arab League envoy who has been trying to help negotiations by the Red Cross, conferred for four hours today with rightwing Phalangist leader Pierre Gemayel, Phalangist Radio reported.

Armed clashes broke out earlier this week between Phalangist gunmen and supporters of the extreme rightwing National Liberal Party, which is playing a prominent role in the Tal Al-Zaatar siege.

In southern Lebanon, fighting has been reported near Jezzine.

An Arab Army statement said Major Ahmed Boutari, its southern

region commander, was slightly wounded in the fighting last night and an officer of the Fatah commando organisation was killed. The statement said Arab Army forces had beaten off an attack on their positions by rightists and allied forces, inflicting heavy losses.

## Israel conveys misgivings about Damascus accord to Kissinger

TEL AVIV, July 31 [R]. — Israel Radio said today Israel has told the United States that an unbearable situation could be created by the newly-signed agreement between Syria and Palestinians to end the fighting in Lebanon.

It said it would be concerned if large concentrations of Syrian forces were to be stationed on the border with Israel or if guerrilla attacks on Israel were renewed from Lebanon.

The warning was transmitted by the Israeli Ambassador to Washington, Mr. Simcha Dinitz, to Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, the radio said.

Foreign ministry officials said they could not confirm the report as they were still awaiting news from the embassy in Washington.

The radio said Dr. Kissinger had expressed understanding of Israel's concern but had reservations about the agreement being implemented.

Dr. Kissinger was reported to have said there was no change in the U.S. attitude towards the Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO), despite direct contacts with it concerning the evacuation of American and other foreign nationals from Beirut this week.

Local residents said leftist forces had set up barricades between the village of Roum and Jezzine to prevent any westward rightwing advance towards Sidon, 40 kilometres (24 miles) south of Beirut. Roum is now completely deserted, the residents said.

## Bombs explode in five Spanish cities

MADRID, July 30 [R]. — Bombs exploded in five Spanish cities today, killing two people. The national news agency CIFA reported that both deaths were caused by a blast in Seville, southern Spain.

Explosions also damaged property in Bilbao, Barcelona, Pontevedra and Madrid, the report said.

In Barcelona and in the north-western town of Pontevedra, the

## Microscopic life might exist on Mars, Viking tests reveal

PASADENA, California, July 31 [R]. — Tests by the U.S. Viking spacecraft indicate microscopic life forms might exist on Mars, scientists said today.

A statement by the Jet Propulsion Laboratory said radioactive carbon found in an analysis of Martian soil could be from non-biological causes. But the statement said: "A biological origin cannot be ruled out."

The Viking lander, which has been on Mars for 10 days, began its biological tests on Thursday. Two of the tests sent back unexpected results, scientists said.

One test was the gas exchange experiment, in which a protein-rich nutrient was poured onto the bright red Martian soil to see whether there was any interaction with possible living organisms.

Scientists said it produced much more oxygen than expected.

They said this was linked to the unusual result of a second test, in which the soil was moistened with the nutrient containing radioactive carbon.

But biologists, who warned from the start that they intend checking and re-checking the reports from 215 million miles (344 million kms) away, said the results might not be due to life organisms but to some chemical reaction within the Viking lander's breadbin-sized laboratory.

The head of the biological experiment team, Dr. Harold [Continued on page 6]

## Ford conducts survey before naming choice for running mate

WASHINGTON, July 31, (R) — President Ford today published the letter he will send to thousands of Republican Party workers asking their advice before he chooses a vice-presidential running-mate for the November election. The letter was the latest stroke

in his war of nerves against conservative challenger Ronald Reagan, who last Monday stole the spotlight by naming the most liberal Republican in the Senate as his choice for vice-president.

The selection of Senator Richard Schweiker of Pennsylvania stunned many Reagan backers and led some to defect to Mr. Ford, strengthening his lead over Mr. Reagan. It also put the president under pressure from some delegates to next month's Republican convention to hint at the name of his choice for vice-president.

Today's letter will be sent to the 2,259 delegates.

"The selection of a vice-president," the letter began, "is one of the most critical choices any candidate for the presidency has to make."

The letter continued: "The nominee must be a person of character and experience, capable of leading the country. The nominee must articulate and support the principles of the Republican Party and be disposed to work in full harmony with the chief executive."

"Finally the nominee must be an assiduous in the November campaign and a major contributor to governing the country in these next four years."

Mr. Ford asked that the delegates send a list of five choices in order of preference by August 11, one week before the Republican convention opens in Kansas City.

Presidential Press Secretary Ron Nessen told reporters that Mr. Ford had also undertaken a poll of Republican senators and representatives and state and local party chairmen on the issue.

Mr. Nessen said Mr. Ford had not yet made his choice. He added that independent polls which showed former Texas Governor John Connally as the favourite for vice-president among Republican delegates were incomplete and not sufficiently representative.

## Demirel denies reports of secret talks with Greece

ISTANBUL, July 31 [R]. — Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel today denied reports that Turkey and Greece were negotiating secretly to avoid a confrontation over Turkish oil exploration of the disputed Aegean sea.

The Turkish survey ship Sismik 1 has been taking soundings in the area. Both countries claim rights over the mineral riches of the Aegean seabed.

Mr. Demirel said claims of private talks being held to seek a solution "are being made by a group of people who wish to disparage Turkey's achievements."

The contacts had been reported by diplomatic sources.

"We are conducting secret bargaining with no-one Mr. Demirel [Continued on page 6]



QUAKE FOOTPRINTS — Almost the entire side wall of a house in Peking was shaken apart and has fallen on the sidewalk from the severe earthquake that struck the Chinese capital last Wednesday. [AP wirephoto].

**THE REAL ESTATE OFFICE - ABU GHODUM**

Selling and Buying real estate and land plus luxurious apartments for sale.

Owners: Naser and George Abu Ghodum  
AMMAN - Telephone: 24442, 24797  
SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR BEARER OF THIS AD

**MAGENTA HOUSE**

NEW INSURANCE BLDG. Distinctive Gifts 3RD FLOOR



# JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily  
published by the Jordan Press Foundation

Board of Directors:

Juma'a Hamad, Saleiman Aran,

Mohamad Amad, Mahmoud Al Kayed

Responsible Editor: Managing Editor: Associate Editor:  
Mohamad Amad, Rami G. Khouri, Jenab Tutunji

Editorial and Advertising Offices:

JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION

University Road - P.O. Box 5715 - Amman, Jordan

Tel. 67171/2/3/4 - Cables: JORTIMES - Telex: 1497 (Al Raf)

## Olympian question

Today, Sunday, Montreal will witness the rich and grand and noisy pageant marking the close of the 21st modern Olympiad. The grandeur will be quite in order since whatever is olympian ought to be grand. Olympus is where the gods dwell. But just as the gods of ancient Greece spent their Olympian days in contentious hickering, cheating, and backbiting, in the same fashion did this grandest and costliest of history's sporting events pass its fortnight.

When the noise begins to die down and when only forsaken ticket-hutts live the air of Montreal's stadium, the question for long avoided by all will force itself out: are the Olympics dead?

But this is really an olympian question.

The intention behind the Olympics both ancient and modern was to actualise an ideal symbol. Here is where human kind is supposed to forget their fears, distrust, and anger; here is where groups, usually locked in bitter conflict, must now spend their energies in friendly competition. The Olympic games is where the world's healthiest men and women meet to compare what their best of health can accomplish. Even if it is granted that man is a political animal, it is Socrates' politics and not Aristotle's that will preside over the Olympics. Hence, the idealists whose business it is to organise these global events have made it their most cherished principle that politics, in our modern sense of the word, must be kept out of sports.

But like the insidious Greek gods, politics in that very same sense keeps coming into sports.

Our idealist organisers seem to have forgotten that sports in our world is a grand and costly enterprise such that only states (and their political governments) can make meaningful sports — as only states can make meaningful (which really is meaningless) war.

No matter how delighted we may be at the proof, solidly provided, by 14-year-old Nadia Comaneci that, contrary to all belief, adolescent girls can be exquisitely graceful, it is still thanks to Romania that all of us now know this. Similarly, if it were not for the enterprise of the Mexican sports authorities not many of us would now have restored our faith in the fact of human will-power and endurance when we witnessed Daniel Bautista defy his doctors' orders to rest his ailing legs and went out to walk and win the 20 kilometer distance.

But stay. We are not anti-individualist, totalitarian, misanthropes. We can only be blind if we were. Nadia and Daniel, and Trinidad's Hasely Crawford the world's fastest man, and Russian Elena Vaytsekhovskaya the high-board diver who shot to the lead after being written-off as a loser, and Finland's Lasse Viren the determined long-distance runner, and others like them from all nations, are individuals. We, in fact, salute them because they have stood out from among their peers — and that is individuality.

Nevertheless, it is the national funds and training and organisation that a state is able to bring to bear on the individual effort that makes these individuals, not simply competent athletes but, global symbols of some of that which is best in our race.

If only states will keep out of politics.

But Aristotle is right, in all senses of the word. Man will live with man and man will be political.

Let us not so soon despair. The Hellenic city-states were no less political than we are. Nevertheless, they retained their idealism long enough to call a ban on all human conflict and had a month-long truce in which they staged their Olympiads. Where lies the difference between them and us? Are we so unable to shelve our political squabbles for even two weeks in every four years?

No. The question is olympian. To answer it involves our very nature.

Idealism and mankind go not hand in hand — at least not for a very long spell. For, just as the ancient Olympics finally did die under the political hammer, our modern replica may do the same. Unless by some miracle we all agree to forget our politics for a season.

But that is idealistic, and if idealism does not seem to tally with our human nature it is still true that without ideals man is not man.

The question, therefore, is olympian — too olympian.

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

The Jordanian and Syrian Press Lebanese crisis. It says the agreement would bring back matters to their previous position with regard to the Syrian-Palestinian relations and places anew the forces of the two sides in one fighting front against the common enemy. It also enjoys its hitherto lost tranquility, paves the way for a reassessment and readjustment of Lebanese-Palestinian relations, thereby insuring the national unity of Lebanon — in defence of the Arab cause and safeguarding the Palestine resistance's freedom of action to strike at the Zionist presence in the occupied Arab land.

On the other hand Al Thawra of Damascus highlighted the positions relative reaction to the agreement in Palestine resistance is not only the various Arab circles. It says beneficial for the two parties but also serves the best of Arab interests," Al Rai says.

The paper points out that the mere idea of holding a round-table conference of all parties, constitutes in itself the admission that Lebanon belongs to all of them and that a quiet and reasonable parley which is the only way to solve all aspects of the problems confronting the Lebanese way of life.

Al Siah thinks that the signing of the Damascus accord he-taken the same stand," Al-Thawra rids the quested solution to the

The paper points out the Egyptian Government's dissatisfaction with the Damascus accord which had been already denounced by Egyptian information media.

"Not only Egypt is worried over the agreement, but Israel has also taken the same stand," Al-Thawra says.

# OLYMPICS 1976



Policy insect: 33 leaves down so far,  
more to go?

Nisham

## Prices of dairy products to be fixed

AMMAN. — The Ministry of Supply has completed the study it conducted to determine the cost price of dairy products prior to fixing a unified price for them sources at the ministry of supply said Saturday.

The results and recommendations of these studies undertaken by the ministry's department of Research and Studies will be discussed in an enlarged meeting at the Ministry to include producers of dairy products sources added.

The new prices which will take into consideration the quality of the products are expected to be below the present rates, sources added.

## World Bank team due here for economic talks

AMMAN. — Discussions relevant to Jordan's national income, the country's financial policies and development plans are due to start here on Tuesday between a World Bank delegation and Jordanian officials.

The World Bank delegation whose visit aims to help Jordan plan for its 1977 financial, monetary, and commercial policies will submit recommendations on these subjects to be taken into consideration by policy planners.

The two sides will also discuss matters relevant to the new capital market recently set up here and discuss ways to ensure its workability and success.

# TWANG

Music Center - For musical instruments such as:

Pianos, Electric Organs, Folk and Electric Guitars, Accordions, Violins, etc. We also offer music lessons and have a selection of music books on hand.

Classical, Folk & Electric Guitars by Höfner.

New Insurance Bldg. 3rd Circle Jabal Amman

## Exchange Rates

Following are the official exchange rates at the close of the business day yesterday. The two figures denote buying and selling prices in Jordanian fils:

U.S. dollar	331.0	333.0
U.K. sterling	593.0	599.0
French franc	67.6	67.9
Swiss franc	134.5	134.9
German mark	131.1	131.5
Iraqi dinar	940.0	945.0
Syrian pound	81.8	82.2
Egyptian pound	480.0	487.0
Lebanese pound	103.6	105.4
U.A.E. dirham	83.6	83.9

FOREIGN CURRENCY  
EXCHANGE OFFICE  
SALIBA AND RIZK  
SHUKRI RIZK  
AMMAN,  
KING FEISAL STREET  
P.O. Box 6725,  
Telephones: 39205 - 36520  
Telex: 1443

Taxi Qasr Al Thakafeh  
(Palace of Culture Taxi)  
At your service day and night  
Superior service — We are  
punctual and trustworthy.  
Tel. 66955  
AMMAN.

## King visits Army H.Q.

AMMAN. — His Majesty King Hussein Saturday noon paid a visit to the armed forces headquarters here where he was received by the Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lieutenant-General Sherif Zeid Ibn Shaker, the Chief of Staff and his assistants.

His Majesty was briefed by the Director of military training on the absorption measures taken by the army regarding the first group of recruits serving under the new conscription law.

## Abdul Hamid Sharaf to head delegation to non-aligned meet

AMMAN. — A Royal decree was issued Saturday appointing the Chief of the Royal Cabinet Sherif Abdul Hamid Sharaf as His Majesty's representative to the 5th Non-Aligned Conference and as Jordan's chief delegate to that meeting scheduled to be held in Colombo, Sri Lanka, between August 16-19.

The Colombo conference will be preceded by a preliminary meeting of the non-aligned foreign ministers to be held between August 11-15.

The Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ibrahim will head the Jordanian delegation to that meeting.

## Iran willing to import oranges

AMMAN. — Iran has expressed its wish to import 10,000 tons of oranges during the coming season. The Director-General of the Agricultural Marketing Corporation (AMC) Mohammad Ali Loubani said Saturday.

The Corporation will get into contact with local exporters to discuss the possibility to meet such a request Mr. Loubani added.

A new shipment of 1976 model Honda Civic cars has arrived.

- \* Famous the world over.
- \* Available with or without customs.
- \* Maintenance and spare parts available at the shop.

Agents in Jordan

The General Jordanian Automobile Trading Company

Station Road, Telephone: 51592

P.O. Box 908

Customers who have reserved cars are kindly requested to come and pick them up.



# AEROFLOT

Soviet airlines



AMIN KAVAR & SONS

TRAVEL & TOURS



## Offer 14 organized 15-day tours to the Soviet Union.

10 tours include stays in Moscow, Leningrad & Kiev. Departure & return dates:

- |                        |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) 7/6/76 to 21/7/76  | (4) 28/7/76 to 12/8/76 | (8) FULLY BOOKED       |
| (2) 14/6/76 to 28/6/76 | (5) 5/7/76 to 19/7/76  | (9) 2/8/76 to 16/8/76  |
| (3) 21/6/76 to 5/7/76  | (6) 12/7/76 to 26/7/76 | (10) 9/8/76 to 23/8/76 |
|                        | (7) 19/7/76 to 2/8/76  |                        |

## Additional 4 tours to Moscow, Leningrad & Erevan. Departure & return dates:

- |                         |                         |                        |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| (11) 17/8/76 to 31/8/76 | (12) 21/8/76 to 4/9/76  | (14) 2/9/76 to 16/9/76 |
|                         | (13) 12/9/76 to 26/9/76 |                        |

Full price of 185 JD per person for Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev tours and 185 JD per person for the Moscow, Leningrad, Erevan tours includes 1st class lodgings with double occupancy, 3 meals daily, and visits to historic sites; Attendance of 2 theatre performances in Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev tours only; All air transport both to and from Amman as well as domestic flights on the most modern jets.

For reservations and add. information call:

AMIN KAVAR & SONS TRAVEL & TOURS

2234-S 57155

Note: Last date for res. 21 days before departure.

## Television

### Channel 3 & 6:

- |                     |
|---------------------|
| 6.00 Quran          |
| 6.15 Cartoons       |
| 6.30 Apples way     |
| 8.00 News in Arabic |

### Channel 3:

- |                    |
|--------------------|
| 7.30 Reportage     |
| 8.30 Arabic series |
| 9.30 Wrestling     |

### Channel 6:

- |                                 |
|---------------------------------|
| 7.30 News in Hebrew             |
| 7.45 Varieties                  |
| 8.30 Shirley's world            |
| 9.00 Sport magazine             |
| 9.10 Marcus Welby M.D.          |
| 10.00 News in English           |
| 10.15 Mannix (on both channels) |

## Amman Airport

### Departures:

- |                        |
|------------------------|
| 7.50 Aqaba             |
| 10.30 Rome             |
| 11.00 Cairo            |
| 12.40 Larnaca, Athens  |
| 19.30 Abu Dhabi, Dubai |
| 20.00 Bahrain, Bangkok |
| 20.30 Kuwait           |
| 21.00 Jeddah           |
| 21.30 Tehran           |
| 22.00 Baghdad          |

### Arrivals:

- |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| 9.20 Dubai, Abu Dhabi             |
| 9.30 Aqaba                        |
| 17.30 Cairo                       |
| 18.20 Copenhagen                  |
| 18.45 Paris                       |
| 18.55 Amsterdam, Brussels, Geneva |
| 19.00 London                      |
| 19.00 Rome                        |
| 20.00 Athens, Larnaca             |

## Market Prices

- |                                |
|--------------------------------|
| Apples (double red): 140—180   |
| Apples (golden): 80—100        |
| Apples (starken): 80—120       |
| Bell pepper: 60—100            |
| Bananas: 160—200               |
| Cauliflower: 120—150           |
| Carrots: 50—70                 |
| Cabbage: 80—120                |
| Cucumbers (small): 100—140     |
| Cucumbers (large): 50—70       |
| Eggplant (small): 50—70        |
| Eggplant (large): 35—50        |
| Green beans: 80—100            |
| Garlic (dry): 120—160          |
| Grapes (green): 100—140        |
| Hot pepper: 140—180            |
| Lemon: 80—110                  |
| Marrow (small): 60—90          |
| Marrow (regular): 50—70        |
| Musk melon: 70—100             |
| Orange: 100—130                |
| Onions (dry) imported: 60—90   |
| Onions (white): 50—70          |
| Okra (red): 80—120             |
| Okra (green): 120—180          |
| Potatoes (local): 100—130      |
| Peaches (large): 180—240       |
| Peaches (small): 120—160       |
| String beans: 80—100           |
| Tomatoes: 50—70                |
| Spinach: 25—40                 |
| Water melon (large): 80        |
| Water melon (small): 50        |
| Wild cucumbers (small): 80—100 |
| Wild cucumbers (large): 40—60  |

## Radio

- |                             |                                       |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (On 856 KHZ)                | 7.00 Breakfast show, morning melodies |
| 7.30 News bulletin          |                                       |
| 7.40 Newsbullet             |                                       |
| 8.00 Sign off               |                                       |
| 12.00 Pop session (part I)  |                                       |
| 1.00 News summary           |                                       |
| 1.03 Pop session (part II)  |                                       |
| 2.00 News bulletin          |                                       |
| 2.10 Radio magazine         |                                       |
| 2.30 Pop music (USA)        |                                       |
| 3.00 Concert hour           |                                       |
| 4.00 Old favourites         |                                       |
| 4.30 Easy listening         |                                       |
| 5.00 Doctor at large        |                                       |
| 5.30 Pop session (part III) |                                       |
| 6.00 News summary           |                                       |
| 6.03 Listener's choice      |                                       |
| 7.00 News bulletin          |                                       |
| 7.10 Newsreel               |                                       |
| 7.30 Sign off               |                                       |

## Emergencies

Doctors:  
Dr. Faek Kaddoumi: [6262]  
Dr. Awni Hawamdeh: [7235]

Pharmacies:  
Khouli: [25290]  
Jameel: [37291]  
Joufeh: [71050]

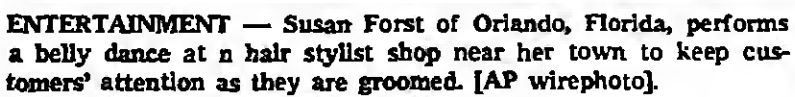
Taxis:  
Khayyam: [41541]  
Firas: [23427]  
Hamra: [44833]

هلا من الاصل

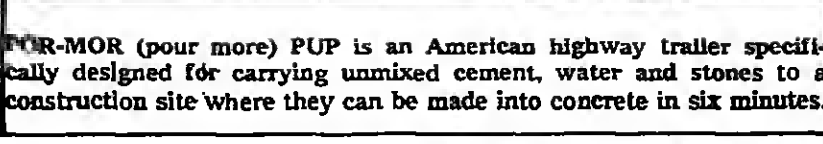


Civic car  
ns.  
ailable at the  
n  
e Trading Co  
e 51592

et Union  
return date  
BOOKS  
3.33



The expanding South African construction site where they can be navy has nine destroyers mainly



So setting up a news pool by the non-aligned nations is a good idea, so long as it is an alternative, not a substitute for the major agencies. An altogether different problem could then arise; with each nation broadcasting only the news it wants the world to know about. That would be an even graver threat to objectivity.

The authorities said contamination had been brought under control and was not spreading.

**TO ADVERTISE  
IN THE  
JORDAN TIMES  
CALL  
67171 / 2 / 3 / 4**



## Upward revaluation of W. German mark inside "snake" believed imminent

BRUSSELS, July 31, (AFP). — The Belgian finance ministry Friday ruled out any emergency meeting this weekend of finance ministers of the European monetary "Snake" after stormy trading on foreign exchange markets pushed up the value of West Germany's Deutsche-mark and battered the currencies of West Germany's Belgian, Dutch and Danish partners in the joint monetary float.

As a result, the traders said, dealers were liquidating their holdings in the other currencies belonging to the joint float which would be pushed downwards by a shift in parity arrangements.

The Swedish crown and the Austrian schilling are "associated" with the float.

There was high tension in London during early trading, but calm returned later. Foreign exchange experts said this was because most currency speculators there had covered themselves against the expected revaluation of the mark.

West Germany's central bank also intervened to steady the "Snake", selling marks to bolster the Belgian franc, the Swedish crown and probably the Dutch guilder, the experts said.

The Netherlands raised its bank rate from five to 5.5 per cent in a move to steady the guilder. The Belgian central bank also raised interest rates on some banking operations and sold marks to support the Belgian franc.

The Belgian bank insisted there was "no question" of Belgium pulling out of the "Snake". The bank did not alter the bank rate, which was moved up one point last week to eight per cent.

Frankfurt currency traders described today's money market as "tempestuous" and the Danish and Swedish crowns and the Belgian franc hit their floor price inside the "Snake", triggering off central bank support operations.

## U.S. votes against improving Palestinians' conditions

GENEVA, July 31, (R). — The United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) today approved a resolution calling on all United Nations agencies to co-operate with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to improve living conditions of Palestinians.

The resolution asked U.N. agencies to work out concrete projects to ensure better social and economic conditions for Palestinians.

It was sponsored by Pakistan on behalf of all developing countries. The United States voted against the resolution and 11 industrialised nations, abstained.

## FAO schedules conference for Asia

MANILA, July 31, (AFP). — The UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) regional conference for Asia and the Far East will be held in Manila August 5-13 with some 150 delegates from 24 nations attending, it was announced here Friday.

The meeting will discuss small farmer development planning, crop-livestock-farm integration at small farmer level, forestry for local community development, and improving marketing and credit for the development of small farmers.



DITCH WITCH is a versatile 100-horsepower trench digger with four-wheel drive, able to dig 2.4 metres deep and up to 0.6 metres wide. The machine is mounted on a one-piece frame, giving it additional rigidity that makes it possible to work on hillsides and rough terrain more safely and to dig a straighter trench. Modular design makes this model of DITCH WITCH a versatile machine. Changing attachments makes it serve as a backhoe, vibratory plow, boring machine, or front-end loader.

## S. Africa, France face difficulties over nuclear deal

PARIS, July 31, (R). — A South African delegation has unexpectedly returned home without signing a 5,000 million franc (£ 585 million) French contract to build their country's first nuclear power station, diplomatic sources said Friday.

The delegation, headed by South African Atomic Energy Board Chief Dr. Ampie Roux, had been due to sign the contract with a French consortium today, but it flew back to Johannesburg last night, the sources said.

The return of Dr. Roux and three other officials came amid press reports that last-minute difficulties had arisen over the part of the contract dealing with control of the plant's production.

A spokesman for Framatome, one of three French firms involved, said the contract was still to be signed today but it was not clear whether the signing would take place in Paris or Johannesburg.

But sources at Alstom, another firm in the consortium, said there were still details to be settled and that the contract would be signed "in the coming days."

A French foreign ministry spokesman denied here yesterday that there were problems over control questions.

He said the contract would have to bear the signature of the Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) whose task was to ensure the power station would be used only for peaceful purposes.

## Economic Viewpoint By Dr. Haitham Harami

### Improved and effective public administration is the order of the day

Improvement and modernisation of the public administration is a substantial and positive element of the overall drive for economic and social progress.

Since 1972, when the Jordan government launched its first comprehensive development plan (the three-year plan), the government's activities have been expanding quite rapidly and have entered in a new phase. The government has undertaken a significant role in implementing economic and social projects. The high growth rate of the public sector is reflected in the number of public servants. It is estimated that the services and public administration sectors provided employment for 40.7% of the non-farm civilian labour force. The high growth rate of government expenditures also reflects this change.

In 1971 government expenditure stood at JD 83.1 million and rose to an estimated JD209.5 million in 1975, or an average annual increase of 38%. With the launching of the 5-year development programmes, we find the government has raised its relative share of the aggregate investment plan. It plans to spend JD382 million on capital formation, which is equivalent to about 50% of the total investment target.

All these factors highlight the increasing role of the public sector in the economy of Jordan. I believe introducing basic improvements in the way the government carries on its activities is fundamental and will have a multiple effect. In the first place, it will have a favourable impact on public servants themselves; for example, it will help to facilitate their duties, define responsibilities precisely, and justify the authority which comes with each job. If the improvement is along these lines, the direct effect will be to eliminate confusion and bottlenecks usually resulting from imprecision in defining the duties and rights which go along with each job.

One would also expect that better management will bring about self satisfaction on the part of public servants, improve the work atmosphere and reduce the turnover rate among government employees.

Because of the acute shortage and the strong demand for trained manpower in both the local private sector and the regional Arab market, I

believe that the government ought to improve work conditions in order to mitigate the impact of these competing forces and to retain trained employees.

The modernisation of public administration will have a positive impact on the operations and success of the private sector. Private firms are in constant need of government permits, licenses, and so on. Cooperation on the part of civil servants and speedy paper processing will reduce the long time consumed and smooth out communications between the people and public servants.

Among many problems which Jordanians face when dealing with government offices is the great delay in processing papers and the long time wasted in waiting before the work is done and the lack of an appropriate information system to instruct the public on the procedures to be followed in applying and submitting their papers.

To think of the principal causes which lead to frustrating situations is no easy task. It may be that the work load laid on the shoulder of an employee is too large for him to handle, or that the old fashioned record keeping system followed in most public offices consumes too much time, or it may be the multiple signatures required on a single piece of paper.

All these are possible causes, but to identify the factors responsible for delays in paper processing, I think the need for a comprehensive survey is inescapable. Such a task must be planned and conducted well. All the parties concerned should be interviewed: the employees, the office administrators and the public.

While the higher ministerial committee is just starting on its task, I think matters will continue to be loose unless real studies are conducted and recommendations carried out to the letter.

Here I suggest that one crucial element to be discussed is the design and formulation of job descriptions for each job in the government. This description must cover the title of the job, the qualifications of the job holder, the duties, responsibilities, rights and the authority that go with the job. Without this, much effort will be wasted in the long run and another round of research will be needed.

# Now you can board a Swissair flight from Damascus to Teheran every Friday.

The Swissair network is spread over the whole world (except Australia) but in the Middle East it is particularly dense. Swissair feels at home in the Middle East. And does everything to make sure that people from this region feel at home as its guests. Or better still: that they feel as if they were in a good Swiss hotel. And this implies proverbial Swiss punctuality, cleanliness on board,

friendly service and first class food. Contact your IATA Travel Agent or Swissair's General Sales Agents: Amman: c/o Near Tourist Centre, Arcades Hotel Jordan Intercontinental, P.O.Box 2518-tel: 41.906-Damascus: Khoury Brothers, El Nasr Street, P.O.Box 517, Tel: 113271-112500/1-Aleppo: Khoury Brothers, Baron Street, P.O.Box 400-Tel: 11154.

A hearty welcome to you between Damascus and Teheran.



A simulated 'head impact' at a speed of 30 km/h in the test rig records the safety breakage pattern of the new British Triplex Ten Twenty laminated windscreen. While retaining the best features of existing toughened and laminated windscreens, it is designed to 'cushion' the head and help to eliminate severe cuts to the face and injuries to the eyes. In the event of head impact breaking the windscreen, the area of inner ply hit by the face breaks down into very small granules which have blunt edges. These remain bonded to the plastic interlayer which cushions the head and retains the occupant within the car.

هكذا من الاصل



# the sculpture exhibits to educate Americans

it ought to be... mitigate... and to...

which Jordan... take major steps toward... papers and... the American public to...

causes which... e shoulder... to handle... sping system... consumers... the Los Ange...

he second and third floors are... congested and the sequence... difficult to follow. The challenge...

he installers made the additional... mistakes of treating the art... and their works in too democ...

it is

On the second floor, where aboriginal, folk and academic sculpture in marble and bronze from 1776 to 1900 sit in uneasy juxtaposition, it is the folk sculpture that walks off with the honours.

Among the most striking pieces are the human and animal figures notably the evangelical "Father Time" (made of tin) by J. Krans; the huge "Harry Howard," likeness of a chief engineer of the N.Y. Volunteer Fire Department which once towered above a firehouse...

Also not to be overlooked in this category is James Hampton's extraordinary gold and silver foil environment on the first floor, "Throne of the Third Heaven of the Nations Millennium General Assembly."

The quality of many works is outstanding: "The Bicycle Boy" trade sign; an owl decoy; the tigers from Portland, Maine; a giant curlew weathervane; and a riveting black slave figure with real teeth and glass eyes.

Mr. Tolson, born in Lee City, Kentucky, is a descendant of 17th century Appalachian settlers. He is the father of 18 children and...

has worked variously as a preacher, a farmer, a cohhler, a chair-maker, and an itinerant labourer, and like so many folk sculptors he considers himself a whittler or a woodcarver rather than an artist.

Folk sculpture seems at once personal and universal because its origins are so deeply imbedded in the unconscious, and it is thus fascinating to contrast it with the derivative, art historical sculpture in the rest of the Whitney show.

The non-classical sculptures in marble, of which Hiram Powers' "The Greek Slave" is the most notorious example, idealises political and mythological figures, from George Washington to Daphne, and again reflects academic European influences on the first recognised American sculptors.

The 1900-1920 sculpture, that encircles one half of the Whitney's third floor, falls into ill-defined, arbitrary categories—genre, realism, conservatism, style-conscious direct carving, cubism, etc.—but...

When midgets mate, they almost always produce a child of normal size. The baby of two dwarfs...

the overall point is to illustrate the burgeoning rebellion against the idealised, impassive, mock-heroic style of the preceding century associated with a questioning of values after World War I.

There are emotionally expressive pieces by Paul Manship, Hugo Robus, Archipenko, Elie Nadelman, Gaston LaChaise, William Zorach and Jose DeCreeft, and a section devoted entirely to animals, which is one of the most pleasing vignettes in the show.

What is interesting finally in the whole hodgepodge is the extraordinary contrast between the art preceding 1930 and that following it.

School kids laugh, adults point and stare. Dr. Hugo Brodsky, a psychiatrist in Jacksonville, Florida, who stands 4 feet 7, says: "If you are under five feet, let's face it you are different. Suppose you see all the trees around you with green leaves and one had blue leaves. Wouldn't you be surprised or taken back a little?"

A malfunctioning pituitary gland produces a midget—a miniature carbon copy of an average-size person, but with a squeaky voice. The dwarf, on the other hand, is abnormally proportioned, with normal head, arms and legs, but short arms and legs. The condition results from bone disease, or a thyroid gland, or a wayward gene that stunts skeletal growth and cartilage development.

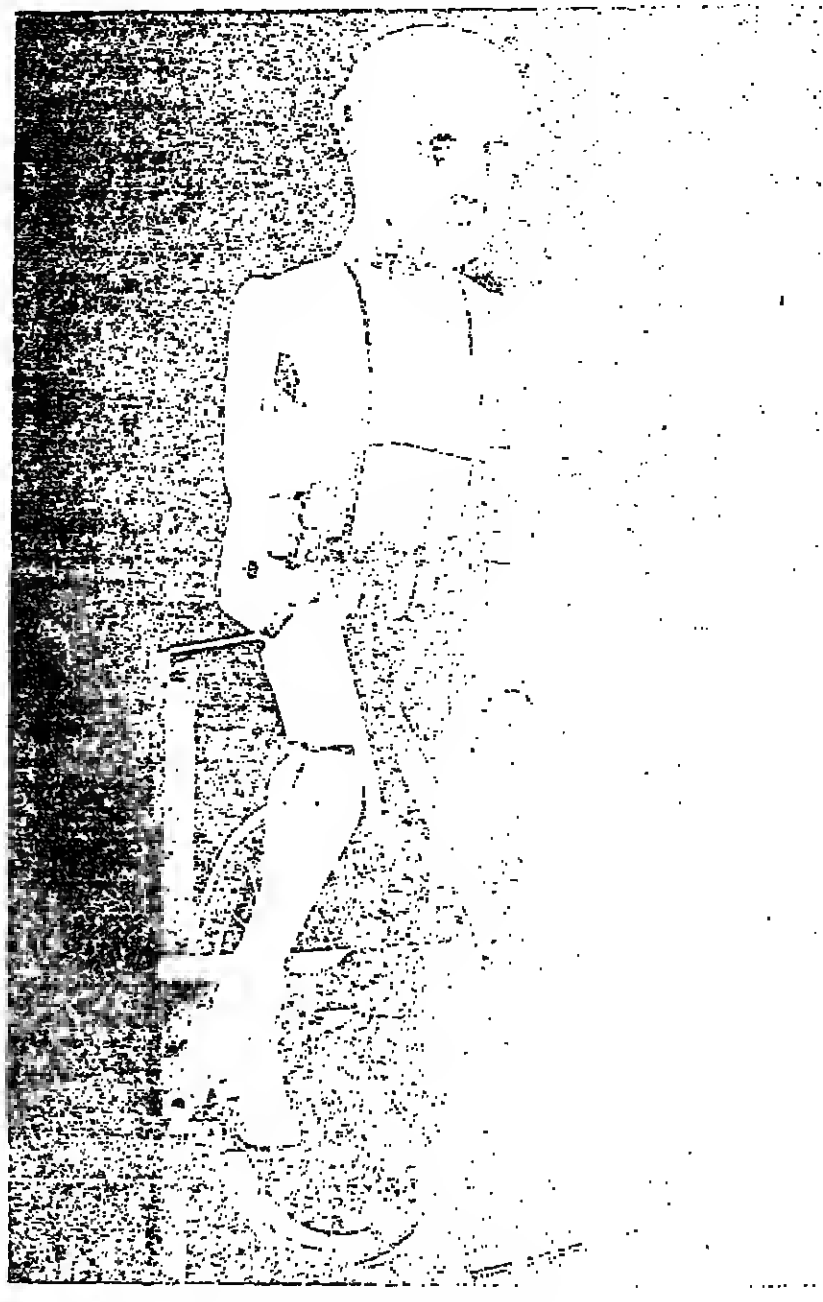
ture beneath the surface, energy, mass, space and time rather than men and animals.

It was a quantum leap from which art has never recovered and yet like folk art, "educated" art is deceptive, for its apparent impersonality even intellectualism, conceals unconscious, intuitive choices.

There are earth works, video works, and a few works with abstract personal associations, such as Nancy Graves' "Camel."

Frank and Emma Lentini of Auburn, New York, are dwarfs, just over four feet tall. Their son is 5 feet 10. Mrs. Terry De Lair, a social worker in Waterloo, New York, says: "I am only four feet tall and my daughter Paula at birth was five pounds, 4 ounces and 18 1/2 inches in length almost half my size."

Most people don't realise their condition until they are eight or nine, when their school chums pass them by in height. In many cases, that's when an inferiority complex begins, driving many...



Bicycle Boy trade sign at Los Angeles

## Little people of America unite!

NEW YORK (AP). — Attila the Hun was a dwarf.

Napoleon and two presidents of the United States, John Quincy Adams and Martin Van Buren, were shorter than normal.

No one knows how many dwarfs and midgets there are in the United States today—estimates run as high as 100,000 people under 4 feet 10. More than 500,000 Americans are under five feet.

Legend and myth called small people elves, gnomes, leprechauns, goblins, and pixies. They have existed for as long as the human race, yet the world knows little about them.

Midgets and dwarfs live in every country and are born into every race. They are doctors, lawyers, nurses, schoolteachers, firemen, engineers, and truck drivers.

They are people; just smaller than most, but people like everyone else.

The average American is 5 feet 10.

A malfunctioning pituitary gland produces a midget—a miniature carbon copy of an average-size person, but with a squeaky voice. The dwarf, on the other hand, is abnormally proportioned, with normal head, arms and legs, but short arms and legs. The condition results from bone disease, or a thyroid gland, or a wayward gene that stunts skeletal growth and cartilage development.

ar is can be either a dwarf or normal.

Dr. Charles Scott Jr., director of the University of Texas Medical Genetics Clinic and chairman of the Medical Advisory Board of the Little People of America, explains that achondroplasia, a cartilage and bone condition, produces the most common type of dwarfism.

Most people don't realise their condition until they are eight or nine, when their school chums pass them by in height. In many cases, that's when an inferiority complex begins, driving many...



Panther by Bruce Moore

**CINEMA RAINBOW**  
Phone 25155  
**THE GREAT ESCAPE**  
Colour  
Starring: Steve McQueen, James Garner, Richard Attenborough  
Show Times: 3.30 — 6.30 — 9.00

**Tonight's T.V. Features**  
**MANNIX**  
EMPTY TOWER  
Mannix and friend, out on a fishing expedition return to office to retrieve fishing gear they forgot to take and surprise bunch of thieves. Caught and imprisoned in cellar, they succeed in freeing themselves and call the police.  
**SHIRLEY'S WORLD**  
A GIRL LIKE YOU  
Shirley starts out in a Kabuki theatre, winds up as an entertainer in a run-down Geisha house and saves a touring British honeymooner from going completely "nature."  
**MARCUS WELBY**  
THE FATAL CHALLENGE  
A woman doctor cannot cope efficiently with two jobs she holds. Dr. Welby and Kiley try to help her out by hiring assistant to relieve her in hospital.

**DOUROZ**  
Third Circle, Jebel Amman, next to the British Embassy.  
Restaurant, Cafeteria, Snack Bar.  
Open daily for breakfast, lunch and dinner.  
Speciality Pizza & Hamburger.  
**FUTU STEAKHOUSE**  
Firas Wings Hotel — Jebel L'weibden, Amman. Tel. 22103/4. Choice of THREE set menus daily for lunch & a La Carte. Open 12-3 p.m. & 7-12 p.m. Air conditioned. Live music with the famous pianist Joseph Sham'a. Kindly book your table.  
**La Terrasse**  
Shmeisani — Tel. 62831 — Open lunch and dinner. Dramatic view of Amman. French and International Cuisine. Fully air-conditioned. Kindly book your table.  
For advertising in above columns contact "Sout' Wa Soura" tel. 38869. Open from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. & 4-6 p.m.

**OUT AND ABOUT**  
**Shmeisani - Hello: 61322.**  
Very Special Patisserie.  
Tel. airconditioned  
Open 9 a.m. - 8.30 p.m.  
Closed Tuesday  
**CHINESE RESTAURANT**  
First Circle, Jebel Amman near Ahliyah School or CMS. Tel. 38968. Open daily from noon to 3.30 p.m. and 7.30 p.m. to mid-night.  
Also take away service - order by phone.  
**THE DIPLOMAT**  
First Circle, Jebel Amman. Tel. 25592. Open from 7 a.m. to 1 a.m. Restaurant, coffee-shop, snack bar, patisserie, Oriental & European specialities.

**CROSSWORD PUZZLE**  
ACROSS  
1. Devastate  
4. Rider Haggard novel  
7. Cuts in the  
11. Game  
13. Old bath  
14. Primitive tool  
15. Shady  
17. B.P.O.E. member  
18. Bolivar-Lyfton character  
20. Goddess of justice  
21. Sea birds  
23. Approaches  
25. Rabbit  
DOWN  
2. Unlucky records  
3. That thing  
6. Has being  
9. Nobleman  
10. Incubation  
12. One exposed  
16. And-Latin  
19. Fulfilled a bridge contract  
22. Legume  
24. Actor, singer  
26. French schoolboy  
27. Whale oil cast  
28. Arranger  
29. Weight allowance  
30. Bank of

**TO ADVERTISE IN THE JORDAN TIMES CALL 67171-2-3-4**



## USSR centres political row

## Lasse Viren heads for Olympic Marathon

MONTREAL, July 31, (R) — Finland's policeman, Lasse Viren, today was set to run the 26 miles, 385 yards (42.195 km) of lung-bursting torture through the streets of Montreal — the Marathon.

The gangling 27-year-old Finn, acclaimed as an athletics immortal yesterday after becoming the first man in history to retain his 5,000 and 10,000 meters crown in successive Olympic, is out to score an amazing triple — in a race he has never run before.

With all eyes on Viren trying to outrun the favourite and defending champion, American Frank Shorter, the two-hour Marathon looks like providing the main drama on the 21st Olympiad's last full day of competition.

Only a very special man would be prepared for the super-human effort needed to win the Olympic 5,000 and 10,000 meters and the Marathon in the space of six days.

But stepping in where other men fear to tread has become almost commonplace for the formidable Finn who yesterday achieved two classic Olympic firsts.

No other runner has triumphed in both track events at successive Olympics nor has anyone previously retained the 5,000 meters crown.

Now he tackles the Marathon and no one who has seen his devastating strength and willpower on the track would suggest he might fail on the roads of Montreal.

Meanwhile, the affairs of a missing 17-year-old Russian Olympic diver took two dramatic twists today with an end to a Soviet threat to pull out of the games and an impassioned plea from the boy's grandmother for his return.

The Soviet team dropped its threat to boycott the end of the Montreal Olympics after an appeal from the International Olympic Committee (IOC) to the Russians to take no action that could jeopardise the 1980 games, due to be held in Moscow.

The 80-year-old grandmother of the missing diver, Sergei Nemtsanov, made a personal appeal to

Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau for his return, saying she could not imagine living without him.

The boy's whereabouts were still a mystery today, following his request to live in "freedom" in Canada, although the government promised to try to locate him and

## Greece calls for games to return to Olympia

ATHENS, July 31, (R) — In view of the political threats to the future of the Olympics, a proposal by Greece today that the Olympic games should be returned permanently to their ancient cradle there may find some support in the Olympic movement.

The move to permanent installations close to ancient Olympia would, Greece said, allow the games to be returned to the "supreme, universal pedestal" where they were placed by their originators more than 2,000 years ago.

Prime Minister Constantine Karamanlis proposed that Greece be designated as the permanent seat of the games in a letter to Lord Killanin, president of the IOC.

He said it would help restore the ideal of games devoid of any political or national antagonism.

"Extra-athletic exploitation of sportsmanship" — or the pursuit of medals for political prestige — would be barred.

A "strict and pure athletic spirit" would be restored so that athletes would compete only for glory and for their country's medal tally.

According to records, the games were held at Olympia from 776 B.C. until 393 A.D. They were revived in 1896 in Athens.

## Tito accuses U.S. envoy of interference

BELGRADE, July 31, (R) — President Tito today accused United States Ambassador Laurence H. Silberman of interfering in Yugoslav affairs and starting an anti-Yugoslav campaign aimed at compromising Yugoslavia before next month's non-aligned summit in Colombo.

In an interview with the official Yugoslav news agency Tanjug, mainly devoted to the conference, the 84-year-old Yugoslav leader said nearly all non-aligned countries were exposed to very great pressures.

"Here, for example, this American ambassador in Belgrade, Silberman, has set in motion in America a campaign against us. He says that exerting pressure on Yugoslavia pays off and criticises those who think otherwise. He gives out lessons on our internal and external policy, interferes in our affairs."

"And that is a part of the attempts somehow to have our country compromised among the non-aligned before the meeting in Colombo. But, that cannot succeed, cannot have any reverberations," President Tito said.

President Tito's unusual personal attack on the ambassador followed remarks made to foreign correspondents by Mr. Silberman at Belgrade airport on July 23 following the release that day of Yugoslav-born American businessman Laszlo Toth after he had served one year of a seven-year sentence for industrial espionage.

The ambassador supported Mr. Toth's argument that he was innocent.

Mr. Silberman said relations with Yugoslavia had improved with the release of Mr. Toth but

criticised the Eastern European section of the State Department for accusing him of being undiplomatic in pressing the case so hard.

President Tito said detente had been limited to the big powers, some of which were trying to use it as a screen to interfere in the affairs of other countries. Detente had yielded certain results in solving questions left over from the cold war, but most countries had not yet felt any benefit from it, he said.

"Detente has unfortunately remained confined to relations between certain big powers and also certain regions of the world."

Certain powers are even today attempting to use detente as a screen for creating spheres of influence, legalising interference in the internal affairs of others, and even direct intervention and aggression," he added.

## Nimeiry: pact against big powers

[Continued from page 1] In a related development, President Nimeiry today invited an international fact-finding mission to visit Sudan and inspect documentary evidence of Libyan involvement in an abortive coup against the government here early this month.

The president told an extraordinary meeting of the People's Assembly (parliament) that the mission should be composed of representatives of the Arab League and the Organisation of African Unity (OAU).

Sudan broke diplomatic relations with Libya following the abortive coup.

## Badran on Jordan-Syria unity

[Continued from page 1] On Premier Badran's view of the future relationship between Jordan and the Palestine resistance he said that since Jordan, in the Rabat summit, had recognised the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as the sole and legitimate representative of the people of Palestine, it has been, and still is, making every possible effort to countenance the PLO in the Arab and international spheres alike. He said Jordan, on whose territory, forces of the Palestine Liberation Army have been stationed for the past seven years — is ready for any other kind of cooperation — studied cooperation, based on objective understanding of the nature of the present stage, and within the context of the reality that serves the Palestinian issue and the Palestinian struggle, far from the climate of backbiting and reckless emotions.

let him know the Russians want him back.

Nemtsanov, European junior diving champion and a Soviet master of sport, has not been in touch with immigration officials since expressing a wish two days ago to live in Canada.

The immigration department said he had not yet formally applied for asylum. His visa entitles him to stay in Canada until the end of August.

A Canadian external affairs ministry spokesman said Canada would not hand over the boy against his wishes even if this were a condition for continued sports links with the Soviet Union.

So the games will end tomorrow as they began, on a bitter political note and with a row looming between Moscow and Ottawa.

The IOC is already faced with a dilemma over what action to take against almost 30 African countries which boycotted the Montreal games in protest against New Zealand's sports links with white-ruled South Africa.

New Zealand won its first gold medal of the Montreal games last night.

The New Zealanders beat Australia 1-0 in the final of the hockey tournament.

Soviet athletes led the medals league last night with 39 golds, five more than second placed East Germany. The United States was still running a distant third with 26.



TRIPLE GOLD, TRIPLE JUMP — Victor Saneyev of the Soviet Union leaps 17.29 metres at the Montreal Olympic Stadium Friday to become the first triple jumper in Olympic history to win the event three consecutive times. [AP wirephoto].

## O.A.U. Secretary General in Nairobi to defuse Uganda-Kenya crisis

NAIROBI, July 31, (R) — An African mediator conferred with President Jomo Kenyatta today on ways of easing tension between Kenya and Uganda.

Mr. William Eteki Mboumoua of Cameroun, Secretary-General of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), came to Nairobi after talks in Entebbe yesterday with President Idi Amin, who has accused Kenya of blocking Uganda and threatened to retaliate with war.

After the Entebbe meeting, Uganda Radio announced that President Amin had agreed to a Kenyan proposal for a Ugandan ministerial delegation to come here for talks on the dispute between the two east African neighbours.

But Kenyan officials said today it was not a formal proposal. Mr. Eteki was merely informed that this was one approach which had not yet been tried, they said.

The officials added that Kenya still stood by seven tough conditions for normal relations with Uganda, including the payment of outstanding debts listed at about 400 million shillings (27 million sterling).

They said there was little point in sending a delegation from Uganda to Kenya unless it was ready to discuss the debt. President Amin denies that it exists.

Mr. Eteki has been the target of repeated attacks in Kenya's daily nation newspaper, which accuses him of being biased towards Uganda. He has also angered Kenyan officials by referring

## India lashes out at international news agencies

NEW DELHI, July 31 [R]. — A senior Indian government spokesman today made a bitter attack on Western news media, saying it distorted news and was controlled by vicious people.

Mr. Mohammed Yunus, a former principal secretary at the ministry of external trade, said Western news agencies acted as if they had been "founded by God almighty with Jesus Christ as their managing director."

He also condemned several Western countries, including the United States, Britain and West Germany, and referred to President Ford as "a footballer" who had been nominated to power "by one of the dirtiest men in history."

Mr. Yunus said India had put up with criticism, inaccurate reports and attacks on its government from these "four or five" countries for 30 years and was now going to hit back.

India would well forget these people for the next few years, he said.

Mr. Yunus, who was addressing the press club of India on the meeting here of non-aligned countries on news agency pool arrangements said the credibility of Western news agency reports was a myth.

It was also untenable to suggest that only Western news agencies could provide accurate news about the non-aligned world.

"I am paying all these Western agencies such large sums of money

to a "semi-blockade" of Uganda.

The Kenyans deny there is a blockade, or anything like one, but say they cannot be blamed if truck drivers refuse to go to Uganda after being "beaten" by soldiers there on previous trips.

The dispute stems from charges by President Amin that Kenya was involved in the Israeli commando raid to release hijack hostages held at Entebbe airport four weeks ago.

President Idi Amin today issued a list of instructions for Britons still living in Uganda and a military spokesman said they would have to kneel before the president if they wanted to see him.

The measures included a warning that they would be kept under surveillance, that tough unspecified action would be taken against any who broke the law, and that the British flag could no longer be flown in Uganda.

The orders were disclosed in a Uganda Radio report, monitored here on a meeting in Kampala between President Amin and the French Ambassador, Mr. Pierre Renard.

Britain broke relations with Uganda on Wednesday and the French are looking after British interests. About 300 Britons still live there.

According to Uganda Radio President Amin "cautioned the British nationals now in Uganda to pull up their socks and not indulge in subversive activities."

They had criticised the credibility of the pool, the government control and its competition with existing agencies.

"We have no desire to restrict the flow of news," Mr. Yunus said. "These powerful agencies are free to say what they want."

Mr. Yunus said that India would begin news exchanges with at least 20 countries as part of the pool arrangement within the next few days.

He added that government help was necessary in a number of non-aligned countries if they were to develop a viable press.

## Demirel denies

[Continued from page 1] said. "The ship will carry out exploration in any place outside Greek territorial waters that she thinks fit."

The Sismik 1 will be working for the next three weeks in the Gulf of Saros area of the northeast Aegean, apparently steering clear of controversial zones where the two countries have issued rival prospecting licences.

Because of the voyage the Greek navy is patrolling the Aegean in strength.

## Encouraged by amnesty

## Communist leaders prepare to return to Spain

ROME, July 31, (R) — Spanish Communist Party leader Santiago Carrillo today described Spain's partial amnesty for political prisoners as a positive step which could open the way for his legal return to Spain within a few weeks.

Senor Carrillo told a press conference here he believed that the amnesty, announced yesterday, meant there was now no reason why he should not be granted a passport and return openly to Spain.

Both he and 80-year-old party president Dolores Ibarruri, "la pasionaria" of Spanish civil war fame, expect to be in Madrid in early September, Senor Carrillo added. He is believed to have entered Spain clandestinely on a number of occasions recently.

In an interview with Reuters he said that "the amnesty is a positive step but totally insufficient. We believe it should be total for all political prisoners, including terrorists."

"They are people who acted for political reasons even if they used methods of which we do not approve."

Yesterday's amnesty excluded terrorists, a term which is defined in Spanish law.

The communist leader said he had no doubt that his party would eventually be legalised. "The Phalangist newspaper Arriba has just published an article in which it said that for the past couple of days the capital of Spain seemed to be Rome because of the meeting here of our party's central committee," he told Reuters.

"The law does not yet recognise this reality, but the reality is there, and the legality of the Spanish Communist Party will without doubt be imposed."

Senor Carrillo's remarks came after a three-day meeting here of his party's central committee, the first time the party had acted openly since the Spanish civil war 40 years ago.

A statement issued today said the central committee confirmed

the party's position in favour of democratic multi-party socialism.

The committee, which has been enlarged to 142 members, also approved the party leadership's line of independence of the Soviet Union and confirmed that the party "is not subject to any international discipline," the statement said.

The central committee has decided to abandon its clandestine methods and act openly by setting up communist party branches instead of underground cells.

These branches, to be established in factories, residential areas and other places, will hold public meetings to discuss political and organisational matters, the statement said.

It also revealed the exact make-up of the party's central committee. Fifty-seven of its members are classified as worker activists, 54 are intellectuals, artists or from the professional class, 22 workers and six agricultural workers. Three were unidentified.

Only 17 central committee members are women, a presence which the statement described as "very insufficient."

Senor Carrillo told today's press conference that the Rome meeting had an enormous impact on Spain itself. "We are not campaigning just for the legalisation of the Communist Party, but for the return to democracy. The legalisation of our party is only a component of democracy."

**JACK B-7... is a Gift from Heaven!**

So simple and So Good Filmstrips PROJECTOR

with COLOURED Filmstrips

in English language

Theme, cultures while entertaining your Child.

At reasonable Prices.

Please just call Phones:

22663 21183 25703

**House for Sale**

SUITABLE AS EMBASSY, HOTEL OR PRIVATE VILLA

Three-floor red stone villa, plus penthouse (22 rooms), well kept garden and an excellent view of the city of Amman, located at intersection of two streets. Beautiful interior — centrally heated.

Total floor area of house ..... 1014 meters

Area of lot ..... 1 1/2 dunams

For further information, call tel.: 56330, 51985, 21711 or write to P.O.B. 1075

**British Ladies of Amman**

The next meeting will be at 10.30 a.m. sharp on Wednesday 4 August at the British Embassy Club.

There will be a Demonstration of Yoga.

New Members are Welcome.